

: Developed in collaboration between UGME and PGME and approved by School of Medicine Policy Council (SoMPC).

: October 2015

: April 11, 2023

: Faculty policy regarding the supervision of medical students, residents, and fellows in clinical settings.

The purpose of this populate and postgraduate medica supervisors, trainees, require specific interpopulate program will consider specific interpopulation of their disconstant and organization and organization organization and organization and organization organization and or

This policy is aligned with <u>CMO's Guide – Role and Responsibilities of the Learner and the Supervisor.</u>

- - a) Mos
 - b) Cons
 - c) On-call physician for a particular practice or service.
 - d) Clinical Trainee who has been delegated the role of the Clinical Supervisor.
- 2. : a trainee enrolled in a clinical course of training at McGill University.
 - a) All medical students will have been registered with the Collège des médecins du Québec (CMQ).

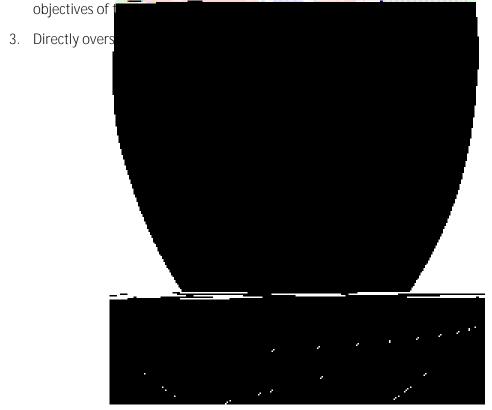


responsibility for patient care. Overall responsibility cannot be delegated to a trainee.

3. The educational environment must be safe for patient care and effective learning.

The Clinical Supervisor must always provide appropriate supervision for their trainees, specifically:

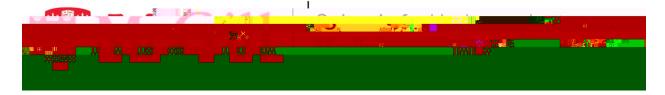
- 1. Establish and maintain a supportive learning environment with open, respectful communication (The Faculty of Medicine and Health Sciences Code of Conduct).
- 2. Ensure that their trainees dinical workload conforms to the relevant workload expectations and





- 6. Advise patients, or their designate, that their trainees may be involved in their care and obtain consent for such participation.
 - a) It is a shared responsibility between the MRCS and the institution to advise patients of the institutional academic mission.
 - b) It is a shared responsibility of the MRCS and the trainee to clearly delineate their roles and obtain patient consent for trainee participation in their care. The MRCS will be directly involved in the consent process when appropriate.
 - c) When the Clinical Supervisor determines it is appropriate to delegate a part of their responsibility for performing a diagnostic or therapeutic procedure, then the patient or their designate must be informed as per current ethical and legal guidelines for inform
- 7. Be readily available, the available and change in sup
- 8. Provide superv line. More specific regulations rela found on the CMO found on the CMO Fiche 20 Téléconsultations réalisées par un résident/moniteur : quel est le cadre à respecter? and Fiche 21 Patticipation de l'étudiant en médecine à une téléconsultation : quel est le cadre à respecter?.
- 9. May delegate the res more senior trainee. The Clinical Supervisor mus supervisory responsibility with sibility. The delegation of the the same care and consi supervisory t e trainee's clinical competence nust also be aware of the respon ion Policy. It is imperative th remains the responsibility nsibility of the training program to make sure that senior trainees who have been delegated supervisory responsibilities have the appropriate teaching skills necessary for clinical supervision.

With respect to clinical supervision, trainees must be aware of their status as a trainee, and consider their experience and level of clinical competence when providing patient care, specifically:



- 1. Advise patients or their designate of their status as a trainee who is working under the supervision of a named physician, the Clinical Supervisor.
- 2. Review the case with the Clinical Supervisor. Notify the Clinical Supervisor of their findings, diagnosis, and management plan with r

